

4. (a) Introduce the idea of magnetic vector potential. Obtain mathematically an expression for  $\vec{A}(\vec{r})$  in terms of volume current density. Also write the corresponding expressions for line and surface currents.
- (b) Define 'B', 'H' and 'M'. Give their respective units.
5. (a) How Maxwell fixed Ampere's Law ? Discuss in detail. Hence write Maxwells equations in a region of space containing (i) free charges and currents and (ii) no free charge and currents.
- (b) Obtain an expression for energy stored inside the magnetic field.
6. Discuss and obtain mathematical expressions of :
- (a) Continuity equation
- (b) Poynting's theorem.
7. Discuss the propagation and attenuation of waves inside a conducting medium using Maxwell's equations. Obtain explicit expressions for  $\vec{E}$  &  $\vec{B}$  inside the conductor.
8. (a) Give points of difference between transverse and longitudinal waves.
- (b) Explain the terms linear and circular polarised waves giving suitable mathematical formula for each.
- (c) Show that a stretched string having tension 'T' and mass per unit length ' $\mu$ ' supports wave motion when plucked.

**Exam. Code : 209002**  
**Subject Code : 4886**

**M.Sc. Physics 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester**  
**ELECTRODYNAMICS-I**  
**Paper—Phy-452**

Time Allowed—2 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

**Note** :—There are **EIGHT** questions of equal marks. Candidates are required to attempt any **FOUR** questions.

- Use multipole expansion to determine approximate potential at points far off from a physical dipole which consists of two equal and opposite charges ( $\pm q$ ) separated by a distance 'd'.
- (a) Derive an expression for electric field at a distance 'z' on the axis of a circular ring of radius 'R' carrying a uniform linear charge density ' $\lambda$ '.
- (b) Derive an expression for electrostatic energy stored in a dielectric medium.
- (a) Using Biot-Savart's Law, obtain an expression for magnetic field at a distance 's' from an infinite straight wire carrying current 'I'.
- (b) Determine an expression for torque on a magnetic dipole placed in a uniform magnetic field.